

"S'MATTER, POP"



SECRETARY WILSON'S SONS LEARN TRADE

Don Overalls and Work as
Machinists' Helpers Out at
Giesboro Point.

"Joe and Jim," Oh, they're good fellows. Both of them work on the floor, and work hard, too. They seem to like it. They'll get better jobs soon, if they stay around here."

This from a veteran out at the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company, at Giesboro Point, concerning Joseph H. Wilson and Joseph H. Wilson, Jr., the sons of the Secretary of War. They are not the "sons of the Secretary" who are getting a lot of publicity for their "section boss" any time they wanted another job. They have never availed themselves of any "pull" from their father, Joseph Baughon Wilson, Secretary of War.

The fact that they are sons of a Cabinet member does not disturb them one bit, as in overall, they carry steel bars around, and "do anything that comes handy."

Aim To Be Machinists.

That is about the most definite description of their present work obtainable. Officially they are classified as machinists' helpers, and they are working to be full-fledged machinists.

This is not the "pull" for either of the young men. The elder, Joseph, was graduated from Central High School in 1914, and since then, has "carried a chain" for surveyors in the Geological Survey, and has worked with an automobile magazine. He has been attending Georgetown Law School in the evenings.

James, aged eighteen, felt the call of his father's farm, up at Blossburg, Pa., even before he quit Central High. He is an expert in bees, and had a lot of hives on his father's farm. But he wanted to "learn a trade," so he and his brother both set out to do so.

The Secretary is delighted. He is a believer in vocational education, and believes that such education, at times, can be acquired outside of school. Both boys likewise hold the opinion that a union card is about as valuable as a diploma.

The boys are only following in the footsteps of their father, who was a worker in the coal mines of Pennsylvania, and later became secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America.

**Colonial Dames Plan to
Restore Washington Home**

The restoration of Sussgrave Manor, the English home of the Washington family, will be considered by the various branches of the Colonial Dames of America during the next year as the result of action taken at the first meeting of the national council held yesterday at the Shoreham Hotel.

Mrs. Joseph H. Wilson, widow of Justice Lamar, of the United States Supreme Court, was elected president of the organization. Other officers chosen were Mrs. Nathaniel Terry Bacon, of Rhode Island, first vice president; Mrs. Albert L. Slousser, of Baltimore, second vice president; Mrs. Charles R. Miller, of Delaware, secretary; Mrs. John Taylor, of Washington, D. C., assistant secretary; Mrs. Alexander J. Cassatt, of Pennsylvania, treasurer; Mrs. Franklin B. Dexter, of Washington, D. C., and Miss Cornelia B. Williams, of Illinois, historian.

ROCKVILLE.

It is estimated that more than 5,000 persons attended the third annual educational rally held at the Rockville High School yesterday.

Beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning with a parade of the school, there was an uninterrupted series of events all day long.

Prof. William J. Burdette, county superintendent of schools, and Edwin W. Broome, assistant superintendent, were in charge.

The parade was an impressive feature. More than 2,000 children marched, every school of the county being largely represented.

Headed by Mrs. Henry S. Parsons, of Woodside, and the King's Valley Cornet Band, the children paraded from the Rockville High School campus to the courthouse and then to the fair grounds.

At the head of each delegation there was a banner bearing the name of the school represented.

Beautifully executed drills and tableaux by teams of girls, athletic sports by the boys, and exhibits of school work were other features.

A Shakespearean pageant was presented by pupils of the Rockville High School. Scenes from "Midsummer Night's Dream" and "As You Like It" were given.

The drills were judged by Miss Florence Alden, superintendent of the Girls' Public Athletic League of Baltimore. Prizes were awarded as follows: High school class—first, Brookeville team; second, Germantown team; third, Chevy Chase team.

Primary school class—first, Potomac team; second, Takoma Park team; third, Gaithersburg team.

A handsome banner was awarded the Rockville High School for the Shakespearean pageant.

Only Slight Barrier In Way of Saturday Half-Day For Clerks

The barrier between "may" and "should" is apparently the chief obstacle that stands in the way of an agreement on the part of President Wilson permitting Government employees in the District of Columbia to enjoy Saturday half-holidays the year round.

According to the officers of the National League of Government Employees it is a case of "should." In fact, they insist that under the law they are entitled to year-round Saturday half-holidays, and that the action of the authorities in withholding is illegal. Justice McKeenholds of the United States Supreme Court, when Acting Attorney General in 1903, rendering an opinion to President Roosevelt on the subject, advised that the act of Congress of 1902 made every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon a legal holiday, but so framed his opinion as to read that the President was "not obliged to require by such parties after the hour of noon on Saturdays."

The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia in the case of Occumpaugh vs. Norton, referring to the law in question, held that its scope was broad enough to justify the cessation of all official work after noon on Saturdays.

View of Court of Claims.

The court of claims in the case of Emmet L. Adams vs. the United States said: "Accepting the construction given by the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia to the amended section of the District code, as well as that given by the acting attorney general, we must hold that Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a holiday within the District of Columbia 'for all purposes.'"

In view of these opinions it would seem as if the question were settled. George L. Cain, of the National League of Government Employees, in his argument, presented to the President, that the more important question to consider would be whether or not there is any real sanction legally in requiring Government employees to work after the noon hour on any Saturday.

When the District law was passed it set forth in its original form that Saturday after 12 o'clock should be a legal holiday "within the meaning of this section, it is not intended to read, in effect, 'of within the meaning of this section,' for all purposes."

No one has ever heard of Government employees in the District being required to work on Saturday day, yet the law making this day a legal holiday has the same phraseology.

"That such a day shall be a holiday for all purposes," etc.

But aside from the technical scruples of language which may be debated, it is hard to understand why, if minor officials of the Government have it in their power to permit Government employees resident in other cities to enjoy Saturday half-holidays, the President should not do the same for the District of Columbia. Yet minor department officials exercise precisely such a power.

Customs Offices Closed.

When the State of Illinois adopted a Saturday half-day holiday, making every Saturday a legal half-holiday on and after Saturday, December 4, 1915, the collector of customs at Chicago, Rivers McNeill, inserted the following notice in the Chicago papers for the guidance of business houses there:

"In order to comply with the State law, which makes every Saturday afternoon a legal holiday, and on and after December 4, 1915, the custom house, appraiser's stores, and bonded warehouses will close at 12 o'clock noon."

This action was not new. Whenever law or custom has spread the movement for Saturday half-holidays throughout the country, and it now obtains in more than two-thirds of the States of the Union—the collectors of customs have asked for and obtained permission from the Secretary of the States to suspend succeeding administrations to comply with the local usage.

Later this custom of closing at Saturday noon was taken up by the officials of the nine sub-treasuries of the United States, located in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, and San Francisco.

And now the practice obtains not only at the customs houses and sub-treasuries throughout the country, but in the branch offices of the Internal Revenue Service of the Department of the Interior and field service employees of the Department of Agriculture generally conform to local usage.

To more or less extent, the same is true of the field services of the Department of Commerce, the Department of Labor, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the Civil Service Commission.

For fear that the discrimination against the Government employees in the District of Columbia might not be

sufficiently emphasized it may be added that the employees of the Territorial governments of Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippines enjoy Saturday half-holidays all year.

No man in the Federal Government works harder or more conscientiously than the President of the United States, yet in order that he might give the country the best possible efficiency, his doctor insists that he shall take every Saturday off from work. The Secretary of State finds it imperative from the exertions of his office to knock off at noon on Saturday. Other members of the Cabinet generally require week-end recuperation throughout the year in order that they may keep in the best possible physical shape for their work.

By their own actions these officials prove the argument of the friends of the Government clerks that a half holiday every Saturday would increase their efficiency.

ANACOSTIA.

The Highland Athletic Club gave a minstrel and dance last night in Masonic hall, to raise funds for the hall. The work of this club has placed in the Potomac league. Mrs. E. V. Scantlebury was accompanist with Russell Phipps, violinist. Those taking part in the performance were end men, Charles Estler and Charles Warren; inter-locutor, William Scantlebury; minarette, Harold King; J. P. Green, Frank Hagan, George Fisher, Willard Wood, Walter Townsend, Lane Kelly and J. J. Soper. Dancing followed the performance and refreshments were served.

SCHOOL BENEFIT AIDS PLAYGROUNDS FUND

Chester A. Arthur Pupils Stage
Performance at Business
Before Large Crowd.

A pantomime school play, staged by the pupils of the Chester A. Arthur School at Business High School last night for the benefit of the public school playgrounds, augmented materially today the playground funds.

A large crowd paid admission to see the fantastic performances, wherein there appeared fairies, nymphs, elves, glowworms, bats and what-not of the land of fairy tales.

The plot of "The Children's Paradise" was acted without stage fright by little Ugo di Guiliana, and Donald Smith told the story of Epimetheus and Pandora, while eight-year-old Gloria Kenneth interpreted with her small feet Pandora's dream.

There were dances of wood nymphs, flitting here and there of good and bad fairies, and a general fairyland interlude of the wonderful people supposed to compose the kingdom of the make-believe. Those participating were: Jerry Seema, Leon Andrusia, Lockline Matter, Samuel Scogin, Eugene Rice, Benjamin Moskowitz, William Ashford, Charles Wright, Arnold Weason, Julius Naiman, Tony Segretti, Robert Shaw, David Walsh, Edward Hoffer, Ellsworth Wilson, Thomas (Nacoonas), Thomas Watson, David Krupnick, Elsie Fleming, Bonny Shapiro, Eton Barker, Elizabeth Rice, Angeline Turco, Gladys King, Mildred Kurfess, Regina Hunter, Mildred Crosby, Hite Hockman, Horis Kennett, Rose Frattantouo, Cora Gaskin, Mayworth Caraban, Amanda Abell, Irma Melndae, Regina Ferrera, Catherine Smith, Ellen Hoyer, Henrietta Watson, Angela Harwood, Jeannette Pucci, Marie Cerele, Madeline Meichorner, Mary Borri, Anna Hobery, Rose Alloy, Dorothy Jackson, Madeline Rockelle, Helen Donovan, Rosie Mallia, Annie Ferrera, Dorothy Cole, Anna Devlin, Camby Goldman, Paula Madala, Rosemary Easton, Mafalda Simi, Marion Thelma, Ester Bickerton, Louise Bonds, Dorothy Smith, Dorothy Perry, Benita Deutch, Bertha Watson, Phoebe Good, Wanita Lampkin, Marion Donovan, Catherine Lipp, Thelma Jones, and others.

Constance Reed, Thelma Ryan, Joseph Malo, John Zerula, Frank Malo, Eugene Hoch, Sam Rodman, Frank Cerele, Thomas Rothery, Benita Deutch, Arthur Thomas, Walter Wills, Helena Smith, Dorothy Barker, Virgil Smith, Catherine Grimes, Florence Walsh, and Lillian King.

W. T. Gallier was chosen vice president of the American Bankers' Association for the District of Columbia at the meeting of the District Association last night. Cuno H. Rudolph was named as a member of the nomination committee.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 6.—The weekly actual bank statement issued today shows the following changes: National City, decreased \$2,344,000; Loans, decreased \$7,638,000; Reserves in own vaults, decreased \$10,775,000.

Reserves in Federal banks, increased \$400,000; Reserve in other depositories, increased \$304,000; Net demand deposits, decreased \$45,768,000; Net time deposits, increased \$1,577,000; Circulation, decreased \$3,070; Aggregate reserve, \$97,378,000.

Sec. Baker Lauds G.W.U.

Coast Artillery Company

Letters lauding George Washington University for its efforts in organizing a coast artillery company and emphasizing the importance of such student military bodies in furthering national preparedness, have been received by university officials from Vice President Thomas H. Marston, Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, Maj. Gen. H. L. Scott, Speaker Champ Clark, Senator George E. Chamberlain, and others of national prominence.

"I desire to inform you that, in my opinion, the organization of this university company is most commendable," wrote Secretary Baker. "To the leading members of a new company will come many real responsibilities, and it is gratifying to know that the young men of our country, while still in college, are willing to accept these responsibilities and to work for the purpose of fitting themselves to share in the emergencies which a war would involve."

**Schenectady Strike Ties
Up All City Car Lines**

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., May 6.—Four hundred employees of the Schenectady Railway Company tied up the entire electric lines of Schenectady today when they refused to accept General Manager James F. Hamilton's proposition that the question of a 5-cent-an-hour increase in pay be submitted to arbitration.

The men voted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, and walked out, following a long conference with officials, which failed of agreement.

**Paris Confirms Sinking
Of Austrian Destroyer**

PARIS, May 6.—The Austrian destroyer sunk by the French submarine Berrouille in the Adriatic Thursday, was of the latest type, said an official statement issued here, confirming a Rome announcement of the sinking of the destroyer.

Protect Yourself!

Get the Round Package
Used for 1/2 Century.

CAUTION
Avoid Substitutes

**HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK**

Made from clean, rich milk with the extract of select malted grain, malted in our own Malt Houses under sanitary conditions.

Infants and children thrive on it. Agree with the weakest stomach of the invalid or the aged. Needs no cooking nor addition of milk.

Nourishes and sustains more than tea, coffee, etc. Should be kept at home or when traveling. A nutritious food-drink may be prepared in a moment. A glassful hot before retiring induces refreshing sleep. Also in lunch tablet form for business men.

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price
Take a Package Home

LOCAL AND N. Y. FINANCIAL NEWS

TRADING IS LIGHT
IN LOCAL MARKET

Washington Bank Deposits
Show Healthy Increase
Since Last Call.

Bonds were strong on the Washington Stock Exchange today. Sales were light, but there was a strong undertone to the bond market. Stocks were in little demand.

Trading was stimulated at the closing hour by Billy Hibbs, who participated in a number of transactions after the call. The only transaction up to that time was in three shares of Norfolk and Washington Steamboat at 150.

Two \$1,000 lots of Potomac Electric Power Company Consolidated \$4 sold at 100%; 10 shares of Washington Gas Light Company changed hands at 75% Washington Railway \$4 brought 80% on a \$1,000 transaction, and five shares of Graphophone common brought 115%.

Orders for Washington Gas \$'s and Capital Fraction \$'s were numerous, but slightly under asking prices. No trades were executed.

A great increase in deposits will be shown by the Washington banks in reports to the Comptroller of the Treasury on the call of May 1, as compared with the showing March 1.

Some of the increases are: Riggs National Bank, \$70,000; American Security and Trust Company, \$317,000; Union Trust Company, \$118,000; National Savings and Trust, \$15,335; National Metropolitan, \$57,588; District National, \$140,000; and Commercial National, \$240,000.

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**EPWORTH LEAGUE TO
MEET NEXT WEEK**

Twenty-Sixth Annual Convention
Opens Tuesday.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Washington Epworth League will be held at Trinity M. E. Church Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Following the meeting Tuesday evening there will be a gathering at 8:15 o'clock at which the principal address will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Harry Mitchell of Metropolitan M. E. Church, on "An Efficient League."

The feature of the meeting following the business session of Wednesday will be an address, "The Making of a Man," by the Rev. Francis M. McCoy, dean of the faculty of the Mountain Lake Park Institute.

The music under charge of Charles Kinsella, will be furnished by the Douglas Epworth League chorus of 60 voices and Foundry League's male quartet.

The present District officers are: Robert D. Burbank, president; Ashby Jump, Andrew Gross, Miss Florence C. Day, and W. Ralph Williamson, vice presidents; W. L. Orem, Jr., and C. Wendel Slocum, secretaries; McKinley W. Wright, treasurer; Ida I. Jury, Union League superintendent, and Charles K. Hoover, chairman civic committee.

ARCADIA AUDITORIUM
14th and Park Road

Dancing All Summer—Nightly
Mills Union Orchestra
J. A. Willard, Mgr.

**LOANS
HORNING**

Relax. Va. (south end of Highway Bridge) Free automobile from 5th and D sts. n.w.

3% on Savings Accounts.
UNION SAVINGS BANK,
"Oldest Savings Bank in
Washington."

WADE H. COOPER, Pres.

New York Stocks.

All transactions in stocks are on the basis of dollars and fractions thereof.
Quotations furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., members of New York Stock Exchange, Hibbs Building.

	High	Low	Close	Yoe.
Alaska G. M. Co.	21 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2	30
Alibi Coal	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	28
Am. Bt. Bus. Co.	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	48
Am. Can.	57	57	57 1/2	55 1/2
Am. C. & F.	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	60 1/2
Am. Coal Prod. Co.	158	158	158	150 1/2
Am. Ice Security	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	30
Am. Lined Co.	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	23 1/2
Am. Locomotive	71 1/2	69	71 1/2	60 1/2
Am. Smelting	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	97 1/2
Am. Steel Found.	51	51	51 1/2	51
Am. Sug. & Ref. Co.	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	107 1/2
Am. Tel. & Tel.	126 1/2	126 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Am. Woolen Co.	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	44
Amzcoads	88	88	88 1/2	84 1/2
Atchafalpa	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Atlan Coast Line	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Baldwin Loco Works	80 1/2	80	80	80
Baltimore & Ohio	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2
B. & F. Goodrich	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	77
B. & O. Cop. Co.	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Canadian Pacific	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Calif. Petrol.	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Central Leather	58 1/2	58	58	58 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	61	61	61	61
Chino Con. Cop.	54	53 1/2	54	54
Chl. Mil. & St. P.	64	63 1/2	64	63 1/2
Chl. & Great West	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
C. R. I. & P. Ry.	194	184 1/2	194	194
Col. Fuel & Iron	43	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Cons. Products	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Consolidated Gas	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Cruible Steel Co.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	70 1/2
Distillers Securities	51 1/2	51	51 1/2	51 1/2
Erie	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25
Erie, 1st pfd.	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51
Gen. Elec.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	110
Gen. Northern pfd.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	110
Great Northern	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	30
Inspiration Copper	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	44 1/2
Kan. City Southern	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2
Kennecott Copper	57	57	57	56
Lackawanna Steel	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Lehigh Valley	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	76 1/2
Maxwell Motor Co.	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Maxwell M. Co. pfd.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Mex. Petrol.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Miami Copper	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Missouri Pacific	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	119	119	119	119
Nat. Enamel	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Nevada Con. Copper	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
N. Y. Central	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H.	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Norfolk & West.	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
N. Y. Air Brake Co.	124	124	124	124
Northern Pacific	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	110 1/2
Pennsylvania R. R.	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Pittsburgh Coal	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Reading	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Ray Con. Copper	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Rail Steel Spgs.	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Rep. Iron & Steel	47	47	47	46
Sloes, Schef. Steel	57	57	57	56 1/2
Southern Pacific	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	96 1/2
Southern Railway	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
South. Ry. pfd.	60	60	60	60 1/2
Studebaker Corp.	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Third Ave. R. R.	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2	60 1/2
Tennessee Copper	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Union Pacific	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
U. S. Rubber	55	55	55	55